PMC

Highlights & Features

- Universal AC input range
- Power will not de-rate for the entire input voltage range
- Full corrosion resistant aluminium casing
- High MTBF > 700,000 hrs. as per Telcordia SR-332
- Safety approval according to IEC/UL 60950-1, IEC/EN/UL 62368-1
- Also available: IP20 and Front Face connectors

Safety Standards



CB Certified for worldwide use

Model Number: Unit Weight: Dimensions (L x W x H): 128 x 97 x 38 mm

PMC-24V035W1A 0.24 kg (0.53 lb) (5.04 x 3.82 x 1.50 inch)

General Description

Delta's PMC series of panel mount power supply offers a nominal output voltage of 24 V, a wide temperature range from -10°C to +70°C and a highly dependable minimum hold-up time. The state-of-the-art design is made to withstand harsh industrial environments. What makes the product stands out from the crowd is its lightweight full aluminum body design, which can withstand shock and vibration according to IEC 60068-2-6. The PMC series also offers overvoltage and overload protection. Using a wide input voltage range design, it is compatible worldwide. The input also includes DC operating voltage from 125-375 Vdc. Best of all, this excellent design and quality does not come with a big price tag.

Model Information

PMC Panel Mount Power Supply

| Model Number | Input Voltage Range | Rated Output Voltage | Rated Output Current |
|---------------|-------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| PMC-24V035W1A | 85-264Vac (125-375 Vdc) | 24 Vdc | 1.46 A |

Model Numbering

| РМ | C – | 24V | 035W | 1 | Α | |
|-------------|------------------------------|----------------|--------------|--------------|--------|--|
| Panel Mount | Product Type C – Enclosed | Output Voltage | Output Power | Single Phase | No PFC | Connector Type A – Terminal Block J – IP20 Connector* L – Front Face* |

*Options











Specifications

Input Ratings / Characteristics

| Nominal Input Voltage | | 100-240 Vac |
|---------------------------------|--|--|
| Input Voltage Range | | 85-264 Vac |
| Nominal Input Frequency | | 50-60 Hz |
| Input Frequency Range | | 47-63 Hz |
| Nominal DC Input Voltage* | | 125-250 Vdc |
| DC Input Voltage Range* | | 125-375 Vdc |
| Input Current | | < 0.75 A @ 115 Vac, < 0.50 A @ 230 Vac |
| Efficiency at 100% Load | | > 85% @ 115 Vac & 230 Vac |
| Max Power Dissipation 0% load | | < 0.95 W @ 115 Vac, < 1.70 W @ 230 Vac |
| 100% load | | < 6.15 W @ 115 Vac & 230 Vac |
| Max Inrush Current (Cold Start) | | < 30 A @ 115 Vac, < 60 A @ 230 Vac |
| Leakage Current | | < 1 mA @ 240 Vac |

*Safety approval according to IEC/UL 60950-1 and IEC/EN/UL 62368-1.

Output Ratings / Characteristics**

| Nominal Output Voltage | 24 Vdc |
|--|--|
| Factory Set Point Tolerance | 24 Vdc ± 2% |
| Output Voltage Adjustment Range | 22-28 Vdc |
| Output Current | 1.46 A (35 W max.) |
| Output Power | 35 W |
| Line Regulation | < 0.5% (@ 85-264 Vac input, 100% load) |
| Load Regulation | < 1.0% (@ 85-264 Vac input, 0-100% load) |
| PARD*** (20 MHz) | < 150 mVpp |
| Rise Time | < 30 ms @ nominal input (100% load) |
| Start-up Time | < 2500 ms @ nominal input (100% load) |
| Hold-up Time | > 15 ms @ 115 Vac, > 80 ms @ 230 Vac (100% load) |
| Dynamic Response (Overshoot & Undershoot O/P Voltage) | ± 5% @ 85-264 Vac input, 0-100% load (Slew Rate: 0.1 A/μs, 50% duty cycle @ 5 Hz to 100 Hz) |
| Start-up with Capacitive Loads | 8,000 µF Max |

**For power de-rating from 50°C to 70°C, see power de-rating on page 3.

***PARD is measured with an AC coupling mode, 5cm wires, and in parallel with 0.1 µF ceramic capacitor & 47 µF electrolytic capacitor.

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Mechanical

| Case Chassis / Cover | | Aluminium |
|-----------------------------------|------------------------|--|
| Dimensions (L x W x H) | | 128 x 97 x 38 mm (5.04 x 3.82 x 1.50 inch) |
| Unit Weight | | 0.24 kg (0.53 lb) |
| Indicator | | Green LED (DC OK) |
| Cooling System | | Convection |
| Terminal | PMC-24V035W1A <u>A</u> | M3.5 x 5 Pins (Rated 300 V/15 A) |
| | PMC-24V035W1A <u>J</u> | M3.5 x 5 Pins (Rated 300 V/20 A) |
| | PMC-24V035W1AL | M3.5 x 5 Pins (Rated 300 V/20 A) |
| Wire | | AWG 20-12 |
| Noise (1 Meter from power supply) | | Sound Pressure Level (SPL) < 40 dBA |

Environment

| Surrounding Air Temperature | Operating | -10°C to +70°C |
|-----------------------------|---------------|---|
| | Storage | -25°C to +85°C |
| Power De-rating | | > 50°C de-rate power by 2.5% / °C |
| Operating Humidity | | 5 to 95% RH (Non-Condensing) |
| Operating Altitude | | 0 to 3,000 Meters (9,840 ft.) |
| Shock Test | Non-Operating | IEC 60068-2-27, 30G (300 m/S ²) for a duration of 18 ms, 3 times per direction, 18 times in total |
| Vibration | Non-Operating | IEC 60068-2-6, 10 Hz to 150 Hz @ 50 m/S² (5G peak); 90 min per axis for all X, Y, Z direction |
| Over Voltage Category | | II |
| Pollution Degree | | 2 |

Protections

| Overvoltage | < 32 V ±10%, SELV Output, Hiccup Mode, Non-Latching (Auto-Recovery) |
|--------------------------|---|
| Overload / Overcurrent | > 120% of rated load current, Hiccup Mode, Non-Latching (Auto-Recovery) |
| Over Temperature | < 75°C Surrounding Air Temperature @ 100% load, Non-Latching (Auto-Recovery) |
| Short Circuit | Hiccup Mode, Non-Latching (Auto-Recovery when the fault is removed) |
| Degree of Protection | IP20 (PMC-24V035W1A <u>J</u>) |
| Protection Against Shock | Class I with PE* connection |

*PE: Primary Earth

Reliability Data

| | > 700,000 hrs. as per Telcordia SR-332 I/P: 115 Vac, O/P: 100% load, Ta: 25°C |
|------------------------|--|
| Expected Cap Life Time | 10 years (115 Vac & 230 Vac, 50% load @ 40°C) |

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Safety Standards / Directives

| Safety Entry Low Voltage | | SELV (IEC 60950-1) |
|--------------------------|-------------------|---|
| Electrical Safety | SIQ Bauart | EN 62368-1 |
| | UL/cUL recognized | UL 60950-1 and CSA C22.2 No. 60950-1 (File No. E191395) UL 62368-1 and CSA C22.2 No. 62368-1 (File No. E191395) |
| | CB Scheme | IEC 60950-1, IEC 62368-1 |
| | UKCA | BS EN 62368-1 |
| CCC | | GB/T9254, GB17625.1 and GB4943.1 仅适用于海拔 2000m 以下地区安全使用 |
| CE | | In conformance with EMC Directive 2014/30/EU and Low Voltage Directive 2014/35/EU |
| UKCA | | In conformance with Electrical Equipment (Safety) Regulations 2016 No. 1011 and The Electromagnetic Compatibility Regulations 2016 No. 1091 |
| Galvanic Isolation | Input to Output | 3.0 KVac |
| | Input to Ground | 1.5 KVac |
| | Output to Ground | 0.5 KVac |

EMC

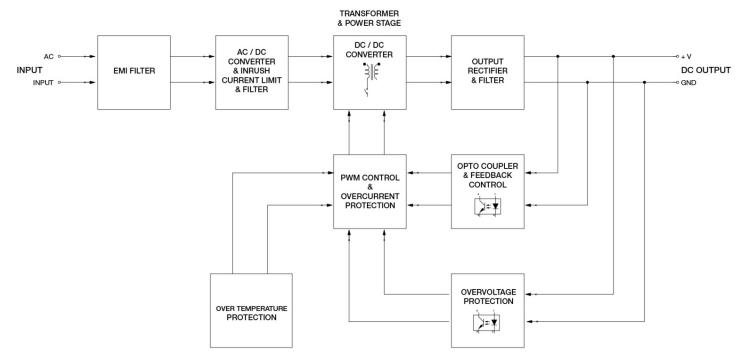
| Emissions (CE & RE) Immunity | | Generic Standards: CISPR 32, EN/BS EN 55032, FCC Title 47: Class B, GB9254.1 Generic Standards: EN/BS EN 55024 |
|-----------------------------------|----------------|--|
| | | |
| Radiated Field | IEC 61000-4-3 | Level 3 Criteria A ¹⁾ 80 MHz-1 GHz, 10 V/M with 1 kHz tone / 80% modulation |
| Electrical Fast Transient / Burst | IEC 61000-4-4 | Level 3 Criteria A ¹⁾ 2 kV |
| Surge | IEC 61000-4-5 | Level 3 Criteria A ¹⁾ Common Mode ²⁾ : 2 kV Differential Mode ³⁾ : 2 kV |
| Conducted | IEC 61000-4-6 | Level 3 Criteria A ¹⁾ 150 kHz-80 MHz, 10 Vrms |
| Power Frequency Magnetic Fields | IEC 61000-4-8 | Criteria A ¹⁾ 10 A/Meter |
| Voltage Dips and Interruptions | IEC 61000-4-11 | 100% dip; 1 cycle (20 ms); Self Recoverable |
| Low Energy Pulse Test (Ring Wave) | IEC 61000-4-12 | Level 3 Criteria A ¹⁾ Common Mode ²⁾ : 2 kV Differential Mode ³⁾ : 1 kV |
| Harmonic Current Emission | | IEC/EN/BS EN 61000-3-2, Class A |
| Voltage Fluctuation and Flicker | | IEC/EN/BS EN 61000-3-3 |

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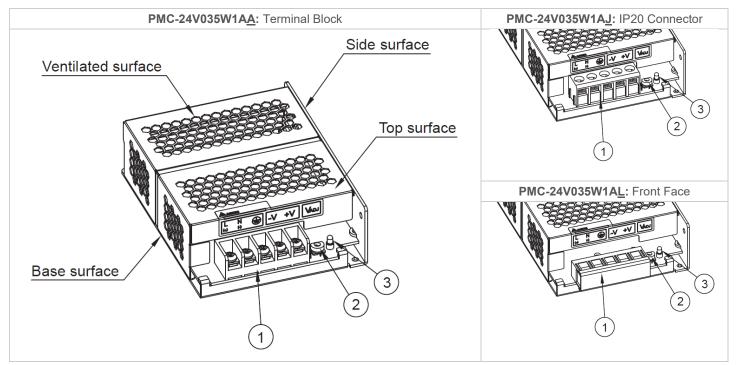
Criteria A: Normal performance within the specification limits
 Asymmetrical: Common mode (Line to earth)
 Symmetrical: Differential mode (Line to line)



Block Diagram



Device Description



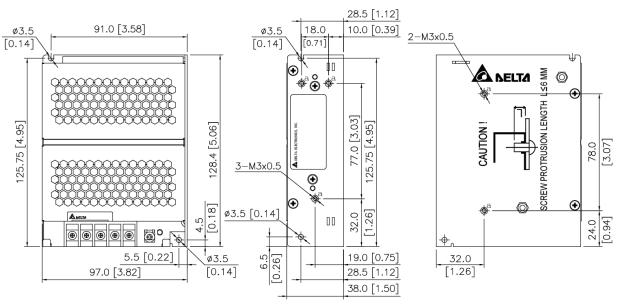
- 1) Input & Output terminal block connector
- 2) DC voltage adjustment potentiometer
- 3) DC OK control LED (Green)

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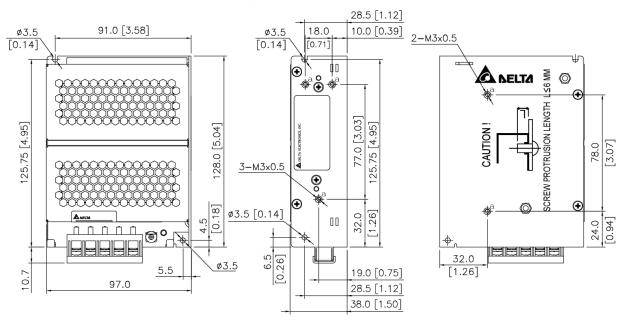


Dimensions

L x W x H: 128 x 97 x 38 mm (5.04 x 3.82 x 1.50 inch) (PMC-24V035W1AA and PMC-24V035W1AJ)



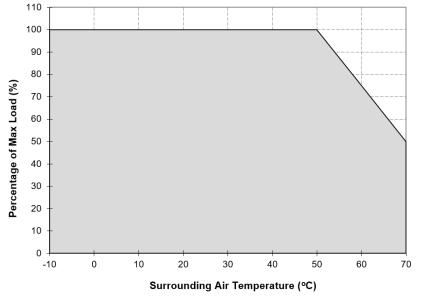
L x W x H: 128 x 97 x 38 mm (5.04 x 3.82 x 1.50 inch) (PMC-24V035W1AL)





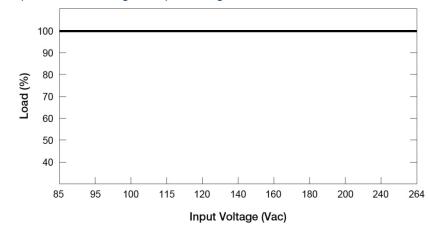
Engineering Data

Output Load De-rating VS Surrounding Air Temperature



De-rating for Vertical and Horizontal Mounting Orientation Fig. 1 > 50°C de-rate power by 2.5% / °C

Output Load De-rating VS Input Voltage



Note

- 1. Power supply components may degrade, or be damaged, when the power supply is continuously used outside the shaded region, refer to the graph shown in Fig. 1.
- If the output capacity is not reduced when 2. surrounding air temperature exceeds its specification as defined on Page 3 under "Environment",, the device will run into Over Temperature Protection. When activated, the output voltage will go into bouncing mode and will recover when the surrounding air temperature is lowered or the load is reduced as far as necessary to keep the device in working condition.
- 3. In order for the device to function in the manner intended, it is also necessary to keep a safety distance as recommended in the safety instructions while the device is in operation.
- 4. Depending on the surrounding air temperature and output load delivered by the power supply, the device can be very hot!
- If the device has to be mounted in any other 5. orientation, please contact info@deltapsu.com for more details.
 - No output power de-rating across the entire input voltage range

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Assembly & Installation

- A Mounting holes for power supply assembly onto the mounting surface.
- The power supply shall be mounted on minimum 2 mounting holes using M3 screw minimum 5mm (0.20 inch) length.
- B This surface belongs to customer's end system or panel where the power supply is mounted.
- C Connector

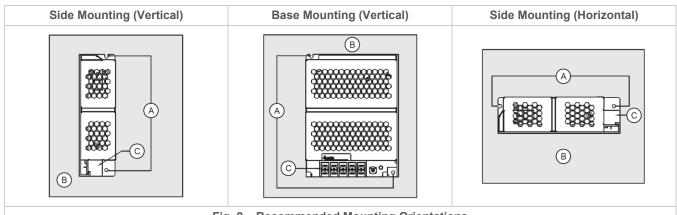
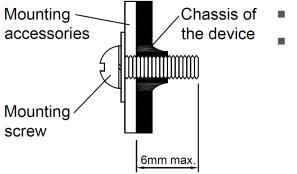


Fig. 2 Recommended Mounting Orientations

- Use flexible cable (stranded or solid) of AWG No. 20-12.
- The torque at the Connector shall not exceed 13 Kgf.cm (11.23 lb.in). The insulation stripping length should not exceed 0.275" or 7 mm.

Installation of Mounting Accessories



- Only use M3 screw ≤ 6 mm (0.23 inch) through the base mounting holes. This is to keep a safety distance between the screw and internal components.
 Decomposed and provide the prior to prior t
- Recommended mounting tightening torque: 4~8 Kgf.cm (3.47~6.94 lbf.in).

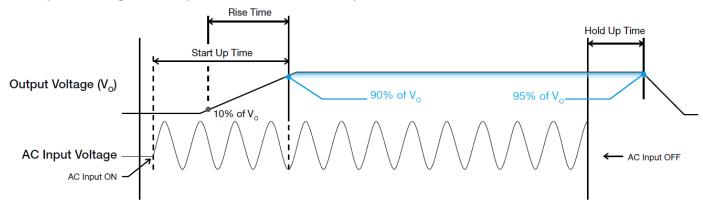
Safety Instructions

- To ensure sufficient convection cooling, always maintain a safety distance of ≥ 20 mm (0.79 inch) from all ventilated surfaces while the device is in operation.
- The device is not recommended to be placed on surface with low thermal conductivity, such as plastics, for example.
- Note that the enclosure of the device can become very hot depending on the ambient temperature and load of the power supply. Do not touch the device while it is in operation or immediately after power is turned OFF. Risk of burning!
- Do not touch the terminals while power is being supplied. Risk of electric shock.
- Prevent any foreign metal, particles or conductors from entering the device through the openings during installation. It may cause: Electric shock; Safety Hazard; Fire; Product failure
- The appliance is not to be used by persons (including children) with reduced physical, sensory or mental capabilities, or lack of experience and knowledge, unless they have been given supervision or instruction.
- Warning: When connecting the device, secure Earth connection before connecting L and N. When disconnecting the device, remove L and N connections before removing the Earth connection.
- The device is earthed and must be inaccessible.



Functions

Graph illustrating the Start-up Time, Rise Time, and Hold-up Time



Start-up Time

The time required for the output voltage to reach 90% of its final steady state set value, after the input voltage is applied.

Rise Time

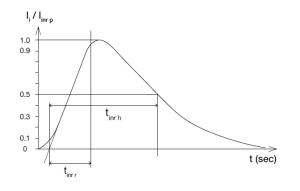
The time required for the output voltage to change from 10% to 90% of its final steady state set value.

Hold-up Time

Time between the collapse of the AC input voltage, and the output falling to 95% of its steady state set value.

Inrush Current

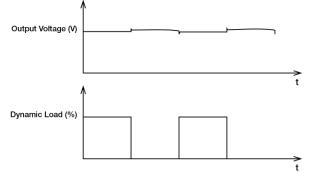
Inrush current is the peak, instantaneous, input current measured and, occurs when the input voltage is first applied. For AC input voltages, the maximum peak value of inrush current will occur during the first half cycle of the applied AC voltage. This peak value decreases exponentially during subsequent cycles of AC voltage.



Dynamic Response

The power supply output voltage will remains within $\pm 5\%$ of its steady state value, when subjected to a dynamic load from 0% to 100% of its rated current.

50% duty cycle / 5Hz to 100Hz

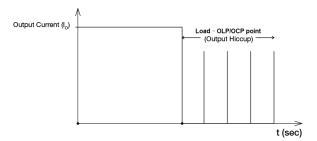


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Overload & Overcurrent Protections (Auto-Recovery)

The power supply's Overload (OLP) and Overcurrent (OCP) Protections will be activated when output current (Io) exceeds its specification as defined on Page 3 under "Protections". In such occurrence, the output voltage (Vo) will start to droop and once the power supply has reached its maximum power limit, the protection is activated and the power supply will go into "Hiccup mode" (Auto-Recovery). The power supply will recover once the fault condition of the OLP and OCP is removed and ${\sf I}_0$ is back within the specifications.



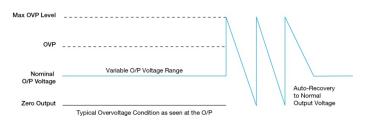
It is not recommended to prolong the duration of I_{O} when it is less than OLP/OCP point, but greater than 100%, since it may cause damage to the PSU.

Short Circuit Protection (Auto-Recovery)

The power supply's output OLP/OCP function also provides protection against short circuits. When a short circuit is applied, the output current will operate in "Hiccup mode", as shown in the illustration in the OLP/OCP section on this page. The power supply will return to normal operation after the short circuit is removed.

Overvoltage Protection (Auto-Recovery)

The power supply's overvoltage circuit will be activated when its internal feedback circuit fails. The output voltage shall not exceed its specifications defined on Page 3 under "Protections".



Over Temperature Protection (Auto-Recovery)

As described in load de-rating section, the power supply also has Over Temperature Protection (OTP). In the event of a higher operating temperature at 100% load, the power supply will run into OTP when the operating temperature is beyond what is recommended in the de-rating graph. When activated, the output voltage will go into bouncing mode until the temperature drops to its normal operating temperature as recommended in the de-rating graph.

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In order to ensure proper redundant operation for the power supply units (PSUs), the output voltage difference between the two units must be kept at 0.45~0.50 V for these 24V supplies. Follow simple steps given below to set them up for the redundant operation:

Step 1.

Measure output voltage of PSU 1 and PSU 2. If PSU 1 is the master unit, then V_0 of PSU 1 must be higher than PSU 2. In order to set the output voltage, individually connect each power supply to 50% of rated load at any line voltage from 85-264Vac, and set the PSU 1 and PSU 2 output voltage.

Step 2.

Connect the power supply units PSU 1 and PSU 2 to Vin 1 & Vin 2, respectively, of the DRR-20N (or 20A) module shown on the right of above diagram.

Itage V_{out} from DRR module will be = V_0 (output voltage of power supply) – V_{drop}^* (in DRR module).

*Vdrop will vary from 0.60V to 0.90V (Typical 0.65V) depending on the load current and surrounding air temperature.

Parallel Operation

The power supply units (PSUs) can also be used for parallel operation in order to increase the output power. The difference in output voltage between the two units must be kept to within 25mV of each other. This difference must be verified with the same output load connected independently to each unit.

Parameters such as EMI, inrush current, leakage current, PARD, start up time will be different from those on the datasheet, when two units are connected in parallel. The user will need to verify that any differences will still allow the two power supplies connected in parallel will work properly in their product/application.

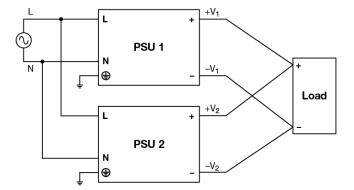


Fig. 4 Parallel Operation Connection Diagram

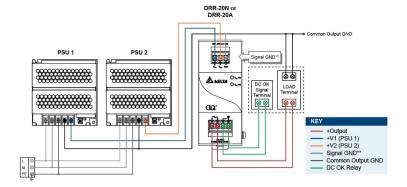


Fig. 3 Redundancy Operation Connection Diagram

(October 2021, Rev. 07)