

PJT

Highlights & Features

- Universal AC input voltage
- Standard industrial foot print of 3" x 5"
- Low leakage current < 0.1 mA
- Convection cooled operating temperature range from -10°C to +70°C
- High MTBF > 700,000 hrs as per Telcordia SR-332
- Multiple connector source options

Safety Standards



CB Certified for worldwide use

Model Number: PJT-□□V100WBA□
Unit Weight: 0.21 kg (0.46 lb)
Dimensions (L x W x H): 127 x 76.2 x 31 mm [3" x 5"]

General Description

The PJT open frame power supply series offers choices of 12 V, 15 V, 18 V and 24 V nominal output voltages. The single output products are designed with small standard industrial footprints at 3" x 5". The highly efficient convection cooling designs enable optimum thermal management for high power efficiency. The PJT series of products can operate from -10°C to +70°C across the entire input voltage range of 90 to 264 Vac and are certified for safety standard according to IEC/EN/UL 62368-1 and for EMI standard according to EN/BS EN 55032, Class B.

Model Information

PJT Open Frame Power Supply

Model Number	Input Voltage Range	Rated Output Voltage	Rated Output Current
PJT-12V100WBA□	90-264 Vac	12 Vdc	8.33 A
PJT-15V100WBA□		15 Vdc	6.67 A
PJT-18V100WBA□		18 Vdc	5.55 A
PJT-24V100WBA□		24 Vdc	4.17 A

Model Numbering

PJ	T –	XXV	100W	B	A	□
Open Frame	Product Type T – ITE Application Series	Output Voltage 12 V 15 V 18 V 24 V	Output Power	Package Type B – Open Frame	Family Code A	Harness Connector A – JST connector B – Molex connector* C – JWT connector*

*Options

Specifications

Model Number	PJT-12V100WBA	PJT-15V100WBA	PJT-18V100WBA	PJT-24V100WBA
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Input Ratings / Characteristics

Nominal Input Voltage	100-240 Vac			
Input Voltage Range	90-264 Vac			
Nominal Input Frequency	50-60 Hz			
Input Frequency Range	47-63 Hz			
Input Current	< 1.50 A typ. @ 115 Vac			
Efficiency at 100% Load	115 Vac	86.5% typ.	87.5% typ.	87.5% typ.
	230 Vac			88.0% typ.
Max Inrush Current (Cold Start)	30 A typ. @ 115 Vac, 60 A typ. @ 230 Vac			
Leakage Current	0.1 mA @ 240 Vac			

Output Ratings / Characteristics

Nominal Output Voltage	12 Vdc	15 Vdc	18 Vdc	24 Vdc
Factory Set Point Tolerance	No potentiometer (± 5%)			
Output Current	8.33 A	6.67 A	5.55 A	4.17 A
Output Power	100W			
Line Regulation	± 0.5% @ 115 Vac & 230 Vac			
Load Regulation	± 1.0% @ 115 Vac & 230 Vac			
PARD* (20MHz)	< 120 mVpp	< 150 mVpp	< 180 mVpp	< 240 mVpp
Start-up Time	115 Vac	1000 ms typ. (100% load)		
	230 Vac			
Hold-up Time	115 Vac	20 ms typ. (100% load)		
	230 Vac			
Dynamic Response (Overshoot & Undershoot O/P Voltage)	± 5% @ 0-50% load; 50-100% load (Slew Rate: 0.1 A/μS)			
Start-up with Capacitive Loads	4,000 uF Max	3,500 uF Max	3,000 uF Max	2,000 uF Max

*PARD is measured with an AC coupling mode, 5cm wires, and in parallel with 0.1 μF ceramic capacitor & 47 μF electrolytic capacitor.

Mechanical

Dimensions	127 x 76.2 x 31 mm [3" x 5"]		
Unit Weight	0.21 kg (0.46 lb)		
Cooling System	Convection		
Power Supply Header	PJT-□□V100WBA <u>A</u>	Input: JST B2P3-VH (LF)(SN) Output: JST B8P-VH (LF)(SN)	
	PJT-□□V100WBA <u>B</u>	Input: Molex 26-62-4030 Output: Molex 26-60-4080	
	PJT-□□V100WBA <u>C</u>	Input: JWT A3963WV2-3P-D Output: JWT A3963WV2-8P	
Wire	AWG 22-18		

Environment

Surrounding Air Temperature	Operating	-10°C to +70°C
	Storage	-40°C to +85°C
Power De-rating		> 50°C de-rate power by 2.5% / °C
Operating Humidity		10 to 95% RH (Non-Condensing)
Operating Altitude		0 to 5,000 Meters (16,400 ft.)
Shock Test	Non-Operating	IEC 60068-2-27, Half Sine Wave: 50 G for a duration of 11 ms, 3 shocks for each 3 directions
Vibration	Operating	IEC 60068-2-6, Sine Wave: 10 Hz to 150 Hz @ 25 m/S ² (2.5 G); 10 min per cycle, 90 min per axis for all X, Y, Z direction
Over Voltage Category		II
Pollution Degree		2

Protections

Overvoltage	< 18.0 V, Latch Mode	< 22.5 V, Latch Mode	< 27.0 V, Latch Mode	< 36.0 V, Latch Mode
Overload / Overcurrent	< 150% of rated load current, Hiccup Mode, Non-Latching (Auto-Recovery)			
Over Temperature	Non-Latching (Auto-Recovery)			
Short Circuit	Hiccup Mode, Non-Latching (Auto-Recovery when the fault is removed)			
Internal Fuse at L pin	T3.15A			
Protection Against Shock	Class I with PE* connection			

*PE: Primary Earth

Reliability Data

MTBF	> 700,000 hrs. as per Telcordia SR-332
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Safety Standards / Directives

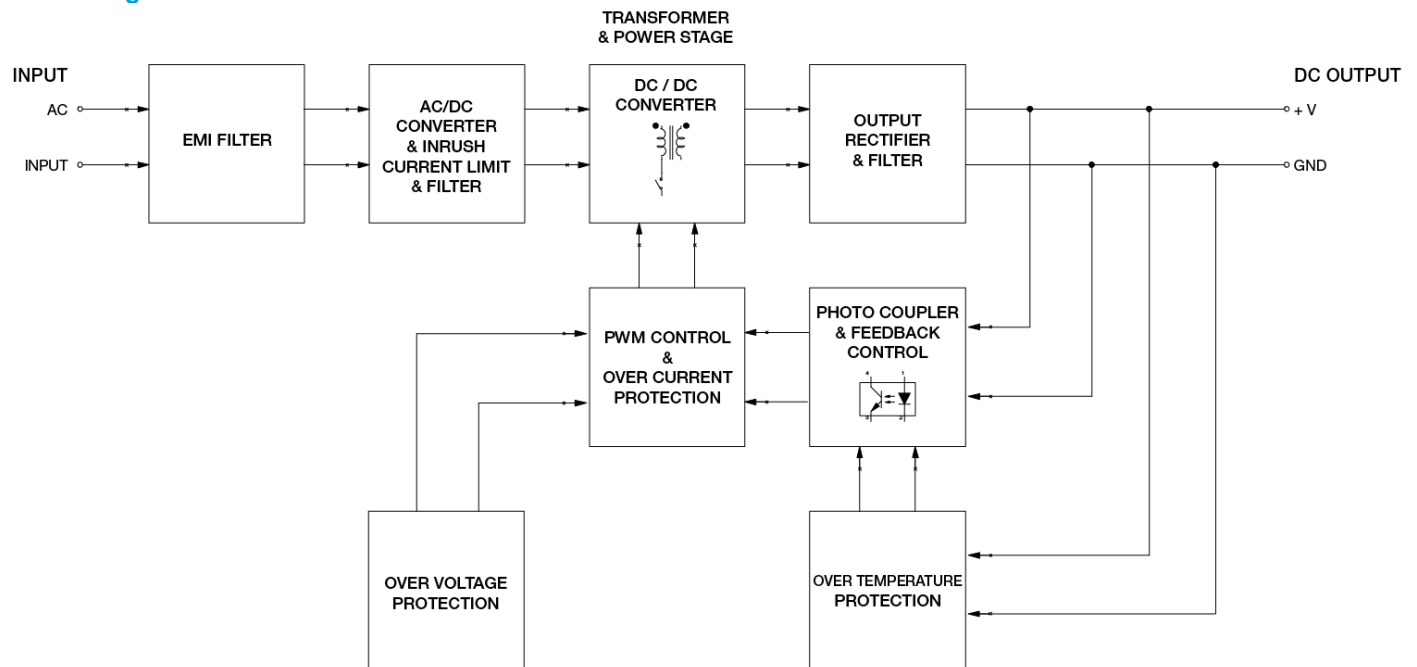
Electrical Safety	TUV Bauart UL/cUL recognized	EN 60950-1, EN 62368-1 UL 60950-1 and CSA C22.2 No. 60950-1 (File No. E131881) UL 62368-1 and CSA C22.2 No. 62368-1 (File No. E131881)
	CB scheme	IEC 60950-1, IEC 62368-1
CE		In conformance with EMC Directive 2014/30/EU and Low Voltage Directive 2014/35/EU
UKCA		In conformance with Electromagnetic Compatibility Regulations 2016 and Electrical Equipment (Safety) Regulations 2016
Galvanic Isolation	Input to Output	3.0 KVac
	Input to Ground	1.5 KVac
	Output to Ground	0.5 KVac

EMC

Emissions (CE & RE)	CISPR 32, EN/BS EN 55032, FCC Title 47: Class B	
Immunity	EN/BS EN 55024	
Electrostatic Discharge	IEC 61000-4-2	Criteria A ¹⁾ Level 3 Air Discharge: 8 kV Level 3 Contact Discharge: 6 kV
Radiated Field	IEC 61000-4-3	Level 2 Criteria A ¹⁾ 80 MHz-1 GHz, 3 V/M with 1 kHz tone / 80% modulation
Electrical Fast Transient / Burst	IEC 61000-4-4	Level 3 Criteria A ¹⁾ 2 kV
Surge	IEC 61000-4-5	Level 3 Criteria A ¹⁾ Common Mode ²⁾ : 2 kV Differential Mode ³⁾ : 1 kV
Conducted	IEC 61000-4-6	Level 2 Criteria A ¹⁾ 3 V with 80% AM
Power Frequency Magnetic Fields	IEC 61000-4-8	Criteria A ¹⁾ Magnetic field strength 3 A/Meter
Voltage Dips	IEC 61000-4-11	30% dip; 25 ms Criterion A 60% dip; 100 ms Criterion B 95% dip; 5000 ms Criterion B
Harmonic Current Emission	IEC/EN/BS EN 61000-3-2, Class A	
Voltage Fluctuation and Flicker	IEC/EN/BS EN 61000-3-3	

1) Criteria A: Normal performance within the specification limits
 2) Asymmetrical: Common mode (Line to earth)
 3) Symmetrical: Differential mode (Line to line)

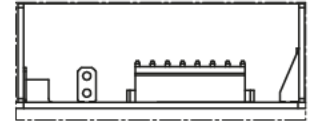
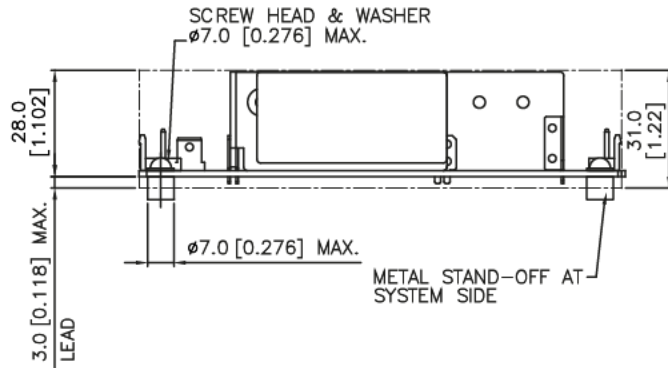
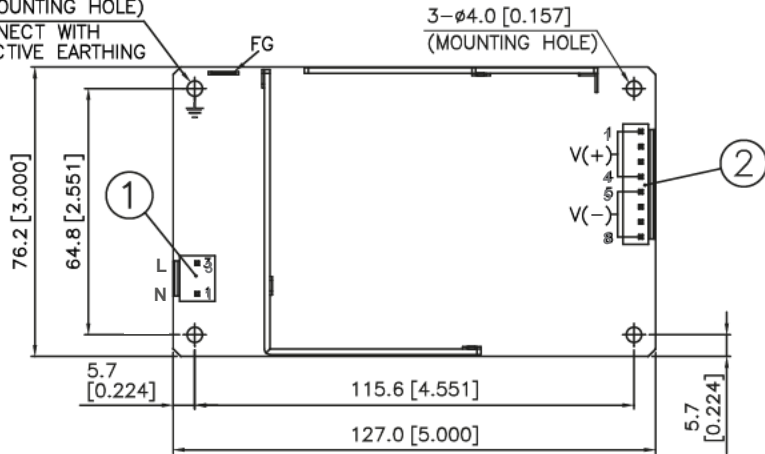
Block Diagram



Dimensions

L x W x H: 127 x 76.2 x 31 mm [3" x 5"]

∅4.0 [0.157] (MOUNTING HOLE)
 PE: MUST CONNECT WITH
 SYSTEM PROTECTIVE EARTHING



Item	Device Description
1	Input Connector (CN1) Pin 1: Neutral Pin 2: NC Pin 3: Line
2	Output Connector (CN101) Pin 1 to 4: V(+) Pin 5 to 8: V(-)

Engineering Data

Output Load De-rating VS Surrounding Air Temperature

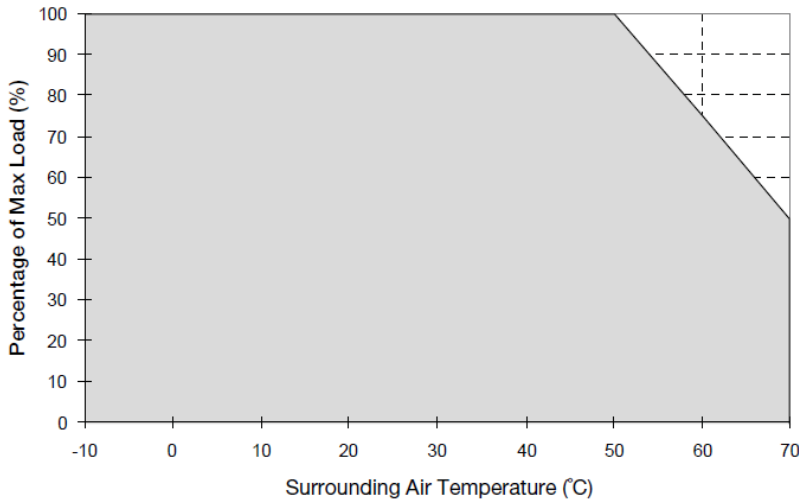
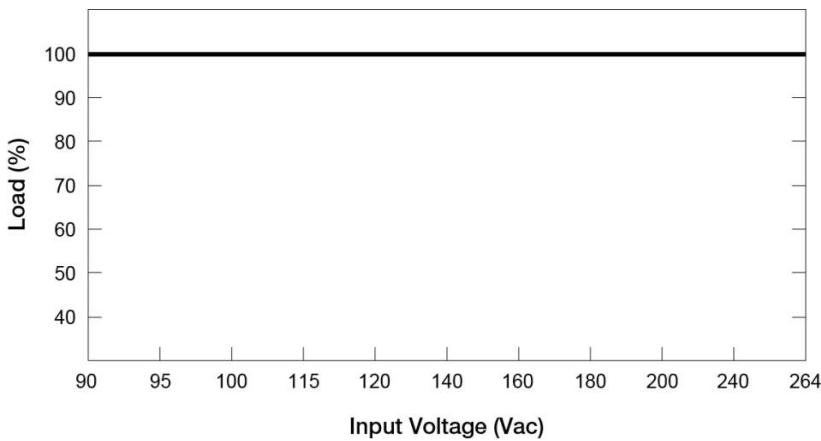


Fig. 1 De-rating for Horizontal Mounting Orientation
 > 50°C de-rate power by 2.5% / °C

Note

1. Power supply components may degrade, or be damaged, when the power supply is continuously used outside the shaded region, refer to the graph shown in Fig. 1.
2. If the output capacity is not reduced when the surrounding air temperature >50°C, the device will run into Over Temperature Protection. When activated, the output voltage will go into bouncing mode and will recover when the surrounding air temperature is lowered or the load is reduced as far as necessary to keep the device in working condition.
3. Depending on the surrounding air temperature and output load delivered by the power supply, the device can be very hot!
4. If the device has to be mounted in any other orientation, please leave a message via the [Contact Us](#) form.

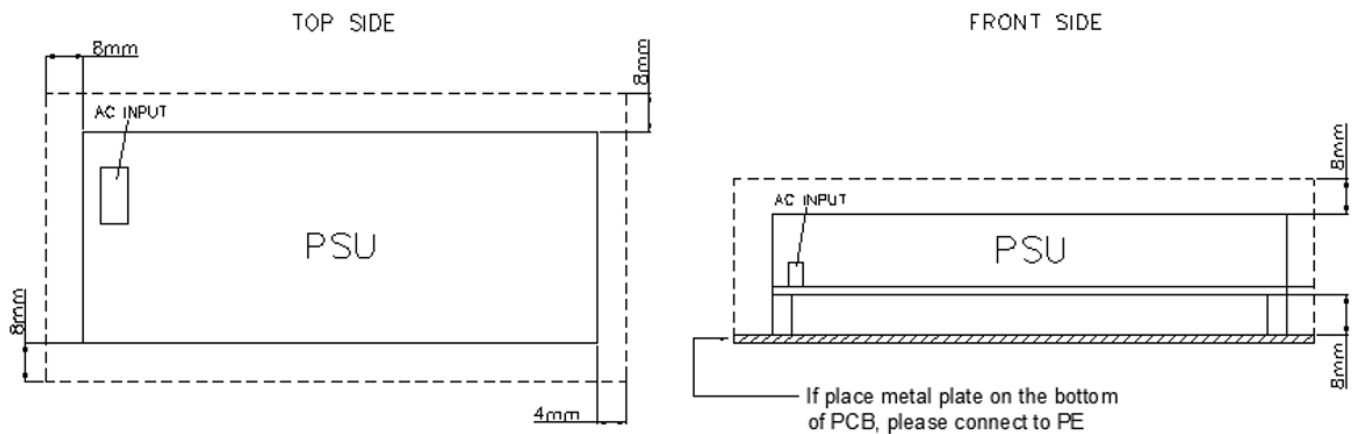
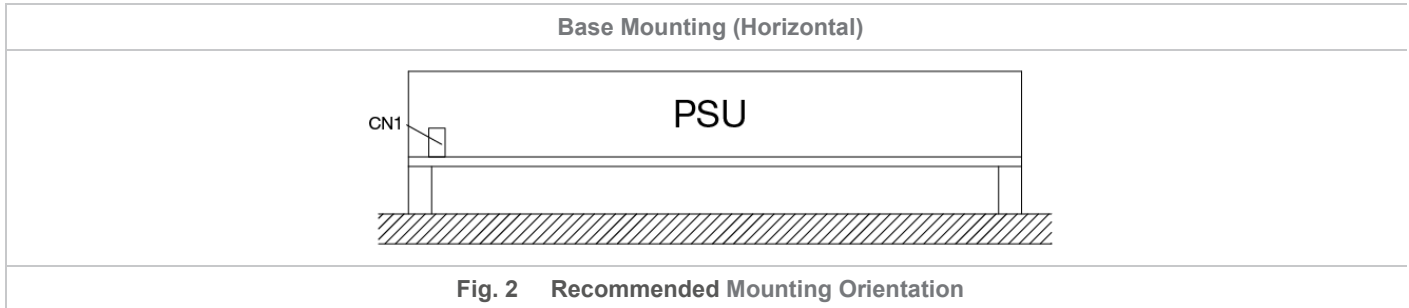
Output Load De-rating VS Input Voltage



- No output power de-rating for the input voltage from 90 Vac to 264 Vac

Assembly & Installation

Any excessive twisting or bending may damage the device's PCB. Please handle the device with care.



Use cable of AWG No. 22-18. Please refer to Table 1 for the recommended Mating Connector and Terminal.

Table 1	Input / Output	Power Supply Header	Mating Connector	Terminal
A – JST connector	Input	B2P3-VH (LF)(SN)	VHR-3N	SVH-21T-P1.1
	Output	B8P-VH (LF)(SN)	VHR-8N	SVH-21T-P1.1
B – Molex connector	Input	26-62-4030	09-50-3031	08-52-0071
	Output	26-60-4080	09-50-3081	08-52-0071
C – JWT connector	Input	A3963WV2-3P-D	A3963H02-3P	A3963TOP-2
	Output	A3963WV2-8P	A3963H02-8P	A3963TOP-2

Safety Instructions

- If the device has to be mounted in any other orientation, please leave a message via the [Contact Us](#) form.
- The device is not recommended to be placed on surface with low thermal conductivity, such as plastics, for example.
- For safety reasons, please ensure the mounted device is kept at ≥ 8 mm (0.315 inch) from primary side and ≥ 4 mm (0.16 inch) from secondary side safety distance from other components and equipments. Please insert an insulation sheet between the system and product, if the safety distance is less than 4 mm. In addition, to ensure sufficient convection cooling, always maintain a distance of ≥ 20 mm (0.79 inch) from ventilated surfaces while the device is in operation.
- Note that the device can become very hot depending on the ambient temperature and load of the power supply. Do not touch the device while it is in operation or immediately after power is turned OFF. Risk of burning!
- Do not touch the terminals while power is being supplied. Risk of electric shock.
- Prevent any foreign metal, particles or conductors from entering the device through the openings during installation. It may cause: Electric shock; Safety Hazard; Fire; Product failure
- The power supply must be mounted by metal screws onto a grounded metal surface. It is highly recommended that the Earth terminal on the connector be connected to the grounded metal surface.

Functions

Start-up Time

The time required for the output voltage to reach 90% of its final steady state set value, after the input voltage is applied.

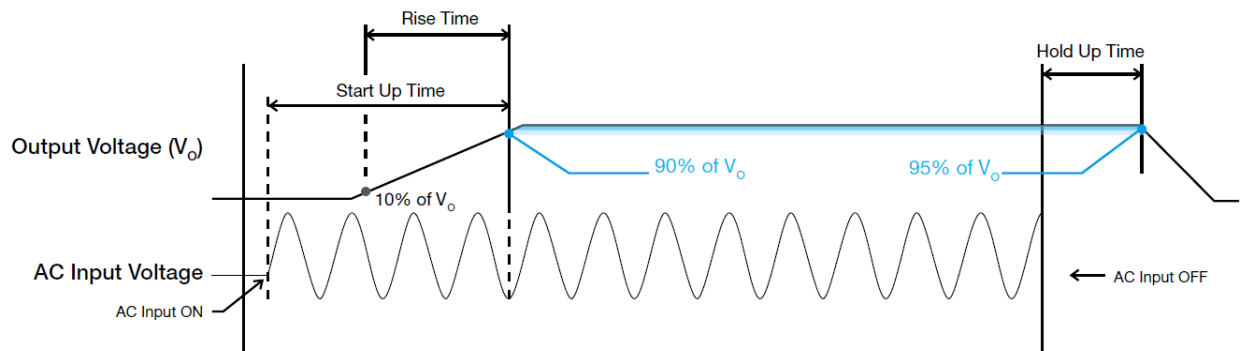
Rise Time

The time required for the output voltage to change from 10% to 90% of its final steady state set value.

Hold-up Time

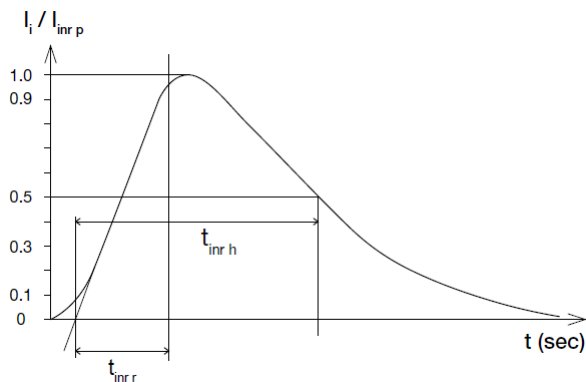
Time between the collapse of the AC input voltage, and the output falling to 95% of its steady state set value.

■ Graph illustrating the Start-up Time, Rise Time, and Hold-up Time



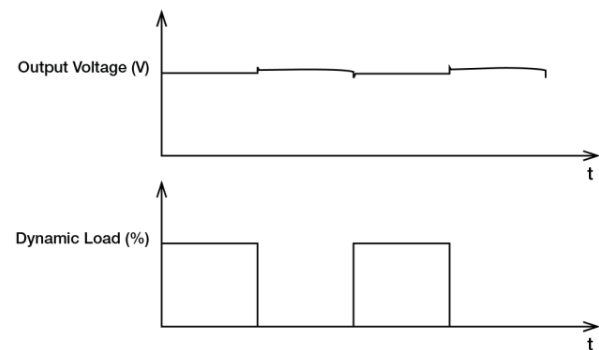
Inrush Current

Inrush current is the peak, instantaneous, input current measured and, occurs when the input voltage is first applied. For AC input voltages, the maximum peak value of inrush current will occur during the first half cycle of the applied AC voltage. This peak value decreases exponentially during subsequent cycles of AC voltage.



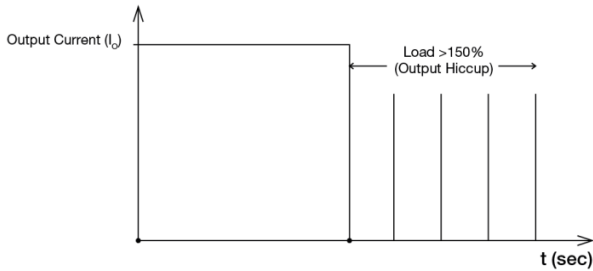
Dynamic Response

The power supply output voltage will remain within $\pm 5\%$ of its steady state value, when subjected to a dynamic load from 0 to 50% and 50 to 100% of its rated current.



Overload & Overcurrent Protections (Auto-Recovery)

The power supply's Overload (OLP) and Overcurrent (OCP) Protections will be activated when output current exceeds 150% of I_O (Max load). In such occurrence, the V_O will start to droop and once the power supply has reached its maximum power limit, the protection is activated and the power supply will go into "Hiccup mode" (Auto-Recovery). The power supply will recover once the fault condition of the OLP and OCP is removed and I_O is back within the specifications.



It is not recommended to prolong the duration of I_O when it is <150% but >100%, since it may cause damage to the PSU.

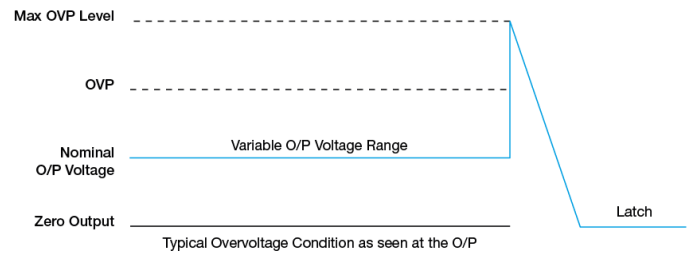
Short Circuit Protection (Auto-Recovery)

The power supply's output OLP/OCP function also provides protection against short circuits. When a short circuit is applied, the output current will operate in "Hiccup mode", as shown in the illustration in the OLP/OCP section on this page. The power supply will return to normal operation after the short circuit is removed.

Overvoltage Protection (Latch Mode)

The power supply's overvoltage circuit will be activated when its internal feedback circuit fails. The output voltage shall not exceed its specifications defined on Page 3 under "Protections". Power supply will latch off, and require removal/re-application of input AC voltage in order to restart.

The power supply should be latch.



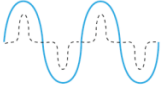
Over Temperature Protection (Auto-Recovery)

As described in load de-rating section, the power supply also has Over Temperature Protection (OTP). In the event of a higher operating temperature at 100% load, the power supply will run into OTP when the operating temperature is beyond what is recommended in the de-rating graph. When activated, the output voltage will go into bouncing mode until the temperature drops to its normal operating temperature as recommended in the de-rating graph.

Others

PFC – Norm EN 61000-3-2

Line Current Harmonic content



Typically, the input current waveform is not sinusoidal due to the periodical peak charging of the input capacitor. In industrial environment, complying with EN 61000-3-2 is only necessary under special conditions. Complying to this standard can have some technical drawbacks, such as lower efficiency as well as some commercial aspects such as higher purchasing costs. Frequently, the user does not profit from fulfilling this standard, therefore, it is important to know whether it is mandatory to meet this standard for a specific application.

(November 2023, Rev. 08)