

- Low 1" Profile
- High Power Density
- 2.0" by 4.0" Footprint
- 120W Convection-cooled Rating
- 180W Force Cooled Rating
- Medical & ITE Approvals
- Class I and Class II Applications
- High Efficiency, up to 94%
- Less than 0.5W No Load Input Power
- Built-In Fan Supply
- Low Earth Leakage Current
- 5000m Operating Altitude

The ECP180 series has been designed to minimise no load power consumption and maximise efficiency facilitating equipment design to meet the latest environmental legislation and minimising power loss and heating within equipment enclosures.

Approved for medical and ITE applications, this range of single output AC/DC power supplies are packaged in an ultra-low profile 1" height with a foot print of just 2.0" by 4.0". The ECP180 series is suitable for use in both class I and class II applications.

The ECP180 provides up to 180W force-cooled or 120W convection-cooled leading to very high power densities of 22W/in<sup>3</sup> or 15W/in<sup>3</sup> respectively. A 12V, 500mA fan supply is included in the design.

The power supply contains two fuses and low leakage currents as required by medical applications and is safety approved to operate in a 70 °C ambient.

The low profile and safety approvals covering ITE and medical standards for both class I and class II applications along with conducted emissions meeting EN55011/22 level B allow the versatile ECP180 series to be used in a vast range of applications.

Output Voltage	Output Current		Ripple and Noise pk-pk <sup>(2)</sup>	Fan Output	Efficiency <sup>(3)</sup>	Model Number <sup>(4)</sup>
	Convection-cooled	Forced-cooled <sup>(1)</sup>				
12.0 V	10.00 A	15.00 A	120 mV	12 V/0.5 A	92%	ECP180PS12
15.0 V	8.00 A	12.00 A	150 mV	12 V/0.5 A	92%	ECP180PS15
24.0 V	5.00 A	7.50 A	240 mV	12 V/0.5 A	93%	ECP180PS24
28.0 V	4.30 A	6.43 A	280 mV	12 V/0.5 A	93%	ECP180PS28
36.0 V	3.33 A	5.00 A	360 mV	12 V/0.5 A	94%	ECP180PS36
48.0 V	2.50 A	3.75 A	480 mV	12 V/0.5 A	94%	ECP180PS48

**Notes:**

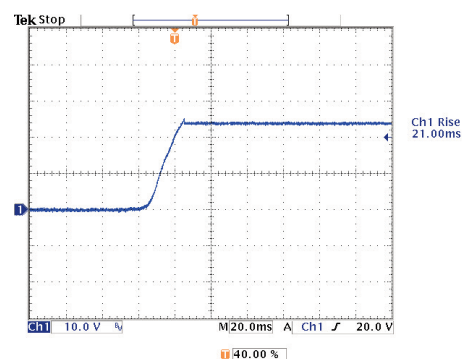
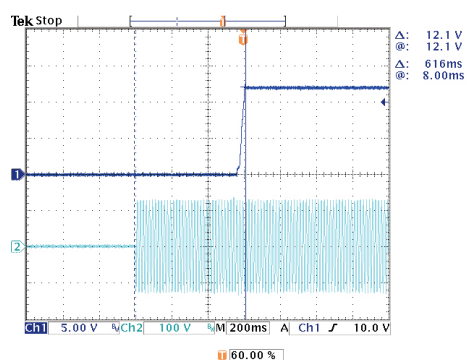
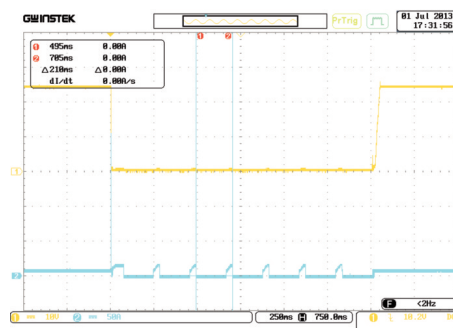
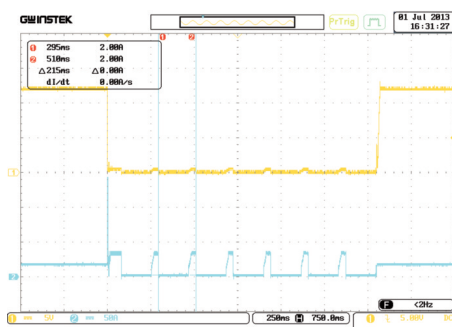
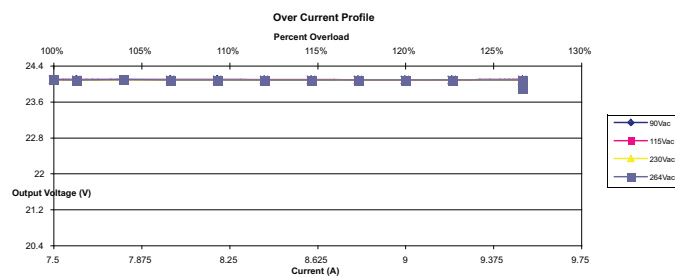
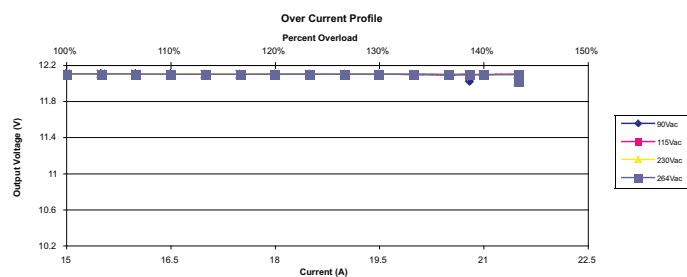
1. Requires 10 CFM.
2. Measured with 20 MHz bandwidth and 10  $\mu$ F electrolytic capacitor in parallel with 0.1  $\mu$ F ceramic capacitor
3. Minimum average efficiencies measured at 25%, 50%, 75% & 100% of 180 W load and 230 VAC input.

## Input Characteristics

Characteristic	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units	Notes & Conditions
Input Voltage - Operating	85	115/230	264	VAC	Derate output from 120 W at 100 VAC to 110 W at 90 VAC and 100 W at 85 VAC when convection-cooled
Input Frequency	47	50/60	63	Hz	Agency approval 47-63 Hz
Power Factor		>0.9			230 VAC, 100% load EN61000-3-2 class A EN61000-3-2 class C > 145W
Input Current - Full Load		1.8/0.9		A	115/230 VAC
Inrush Current		80		A	230 VAC cold start, 25 °C
Earth Leakage Current		85/150	230	$\mu$ A	115/230 VAC/50 Hz (Typ.), 264 VAC/60 Hz (Max.)
No Load Input Power			0.5	W	
Input Protection	F3.15 A/250 V Internal fuse fitted in line and neutral.				

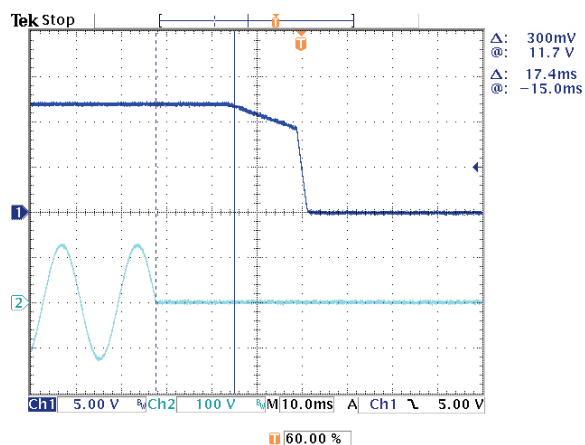
## Output Characteristics

Characteristic	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units	Notes & Conditions
Output Voltage - V1	12		48	VDC	See Models and Ratings table
Initial Set Accuracy			$\pm 1$	%	50% load, 115/230 VAC
Minimum Load	0			A	
Start Up Delay			2	s	115/230 VAC full load. See fig. 3 & 4.
Hold Up Time	10	17/11		ms	Min at full load, 115 VAC. Typical at 120W/180W
Drift			$\pm 0.02$	%	After 20 min warm up
Line Regulation			$\pm 0.5$	%	90-264 VAC
Load Regulation			$\pm 0.5$	%	0-100% load
Transient Response			4	%	Recovery within 1% in less than 500 $\mu$ s for a 50-75% and 75-50% load step
Over/Undershoot		4		%	Full Load
Ripple & Noise			1	% pk-pk	20 MHz bandwidth & 10 $\mu$ F electrolytic capacitor in parallel with 0.1 $\mu$ F ceramic capacitor, See fig. 6.
Overvoltage Protection	110		140	%	Vnom, recycle input to reset
Overload Protection	110		160	% I nom	See fig. 1.
Short Circuit Protection					Trip and Restart See fig. 2.
Temperature Coefficient			0.02	%/ °C	
Overtemperature Protection				°C	Measured Internally, Auto Resetting

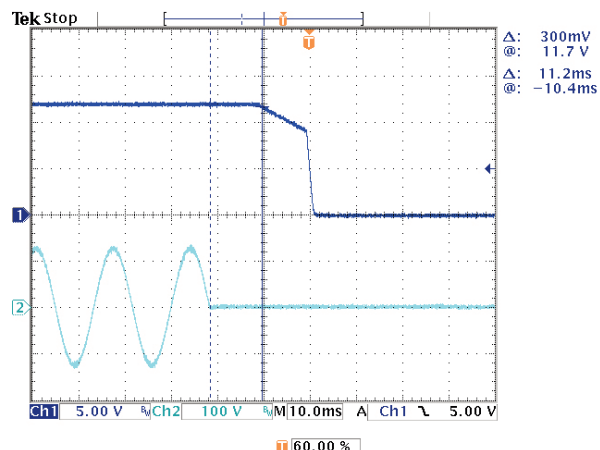


## Output Hold Up Time

Figure 5  
ECP180PS12 90VAC 120W load



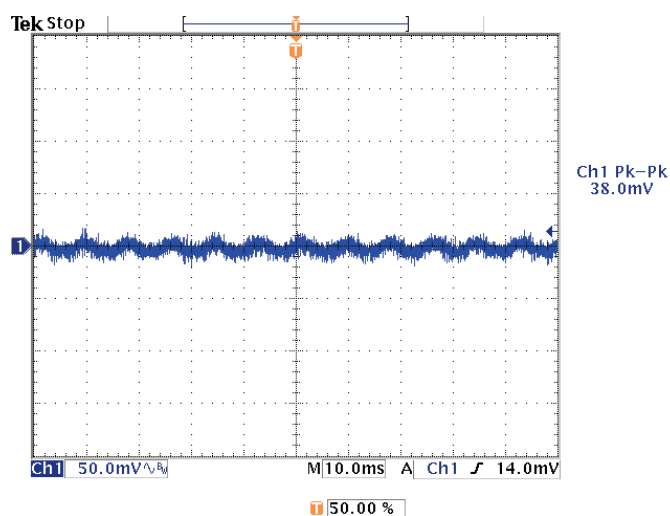
ECP180PS12 90VAC full load



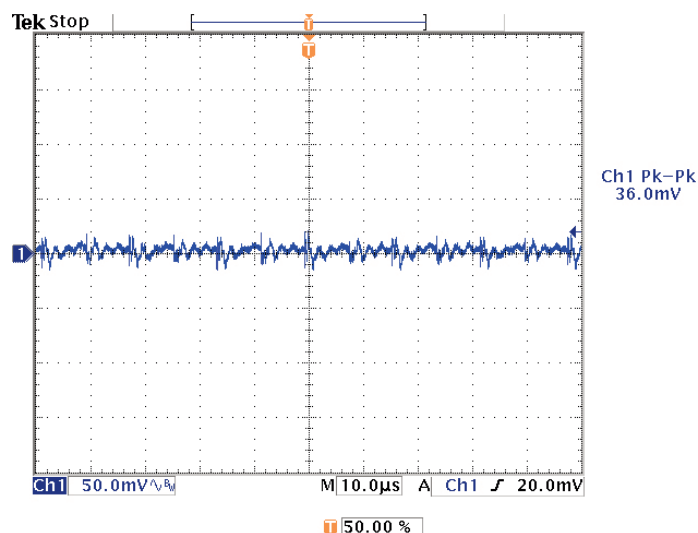
## Output Noise & Ripple

Figure 6  
ECP180PS12 at 264VAC & full load

Low Frequency



High Frequency



Characteristic	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units	Notes & Conditions
Efficiency		94		%	230 VAC Full load (see fig. 7 & 8)
Isolation: Input to Output Input to Ground Output to Ground	4000			VAC	2 MOPP
	1500			VAC	1 MOPP
	1500			VAC	1 MOPP
Switching Frequency	65		130	kHz	PFC
	60		90	kHz	Main Converter
Power Density			22/15	W/in <sup>3</sup>	Forced / Convection-cooled
Mean Time Between Failure		300		kHrs	MIL-HDBK-217F, Notice 2 +25 °C GB
Weight		0.51(230)		lb(g)	

## Efficiency Versus Load

Figure 7  
ECP180PS12

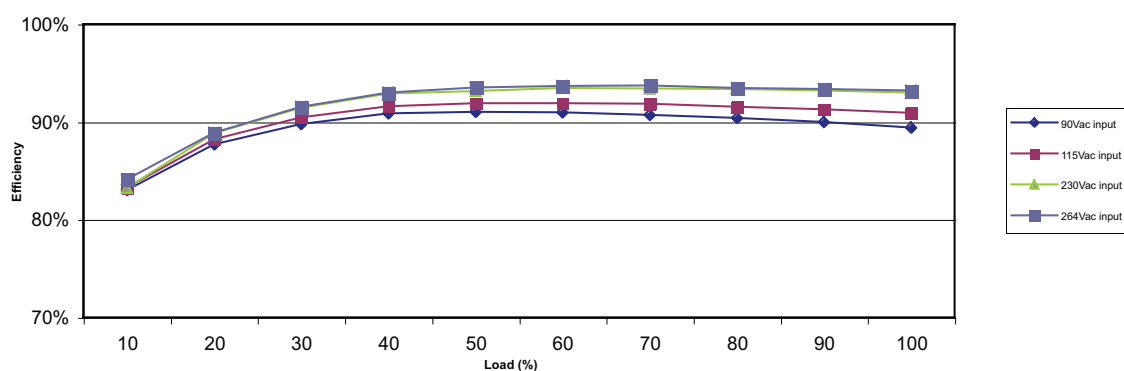
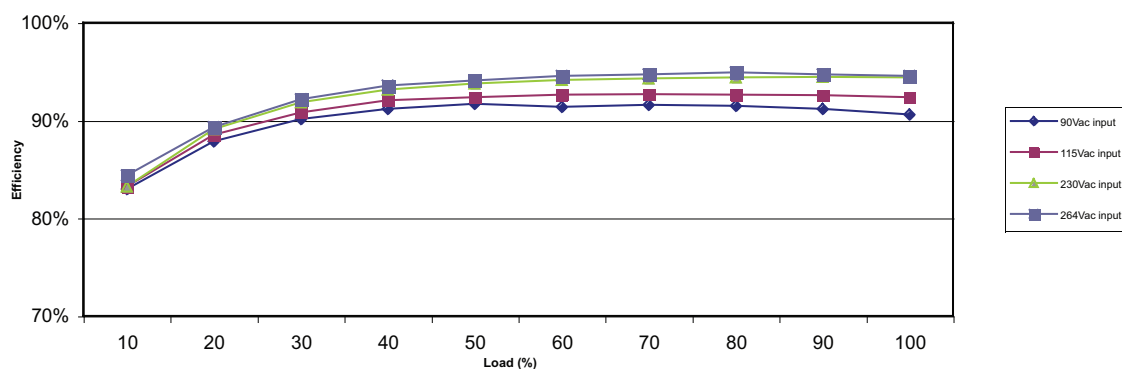


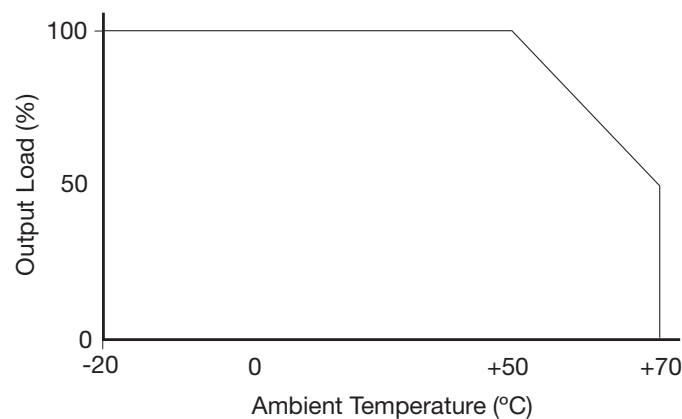
Figure 8  
ECP180PS24



Characteristic	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units	Notes & Conditions
Operating Temperature	-20		+70	°C	See derating curve, fig.9
Storage Temperature	-40		+85	°C	
Cooling	10			CFM	Forced Cooled > 120W
Humidity	5		95	%RH	Non-condensing
Operating Altitude			5000	m	
Shock					±3 x 30g shocks in each plane, total 18 shocks. 30g = 11ms (+/- 0.5msecs), half sine. Conforms to EN60068-2-27
Vibration					Single axis 10 - 500 Hz at 2g sweep and endurance at resonance in all 3 planes. Conforms to EN60068-2-6

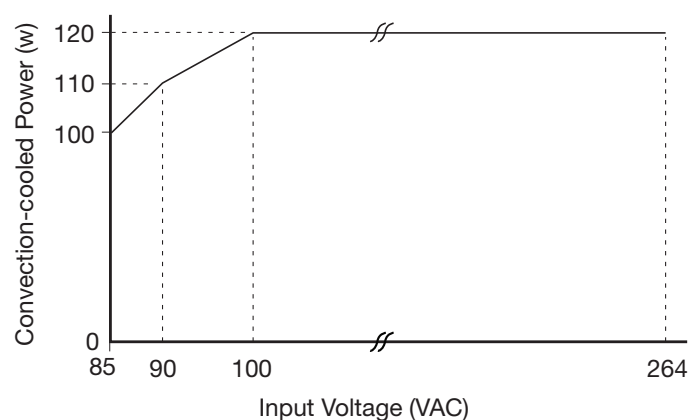
## Thermal Derating Curve

Figure 9



## Input Derating Curve

Figure 10



## Electromagnetic Compatibility - Emissions

Phenomenon	Standard	Test Level	Criteria	Notes & Conditions
Conducted	EN55011/22	Class B		
Radiated	EN55011/22	Class A		Class B with King Core K5B RC 13*23*7 on input cable and K5B T 25*12*15 on output cable
Harmonic Current	EN61000-3-2	Class A		Meet Class C for loads above 145W
Voltage Fluctuations	EN61000-3-3			

## Electromagnetic Compatibility - Immunity

Phenomenon	Standard	Test Level	Criteria	Notes & Conditions
Low Voltage PSU EMC	EN61204-3	High severity level	as below	
Radiated	EN61000-4-3	3	A	
EFT	EN61000-4-4	3	A	
Surges	EN61000-4-5	Installation class 3	A	
Conducted	EN61000-4-6	3	A	
Dips and Interruptions	EN55024 (100 VAC)	Dip > 95% (0 VAC), 8.3ms	A	
		Dip 30% (70 VAC), 416ms	A	
		Dip > 95% (0 VAC), 4160ms	B	
	EN55024 (240 VAC)	Dip > 95% (0 VAC), 10.0ms	A	
		Dip 30% (168 VAC), 500ms	A	
		Dip > 95% (0 VAC), 5000ms	B	
	EN60601-1-2 (100 VAC)	Dip > 95% (0 VAC), 10.0ms	A	
		Dip 60% (40 VAC), 100ms	B	Derate output power to 18W for criteria A
		Dip 30% (70 VAC), 500ms	A	
		Dip > 95% (0 VAC), 5000ms	B	
	EN60601-1-2 (240 VAC)	Dip > 95% (0 VAC), 10.0ms	A	
		Dip 60% (96 VAC), 100ms	A	
		Dip 30% (168 VAC), 500ms	A	
		Dip > 95% (0 VAC), 5000ms	B	

## Safety Agency Approvals

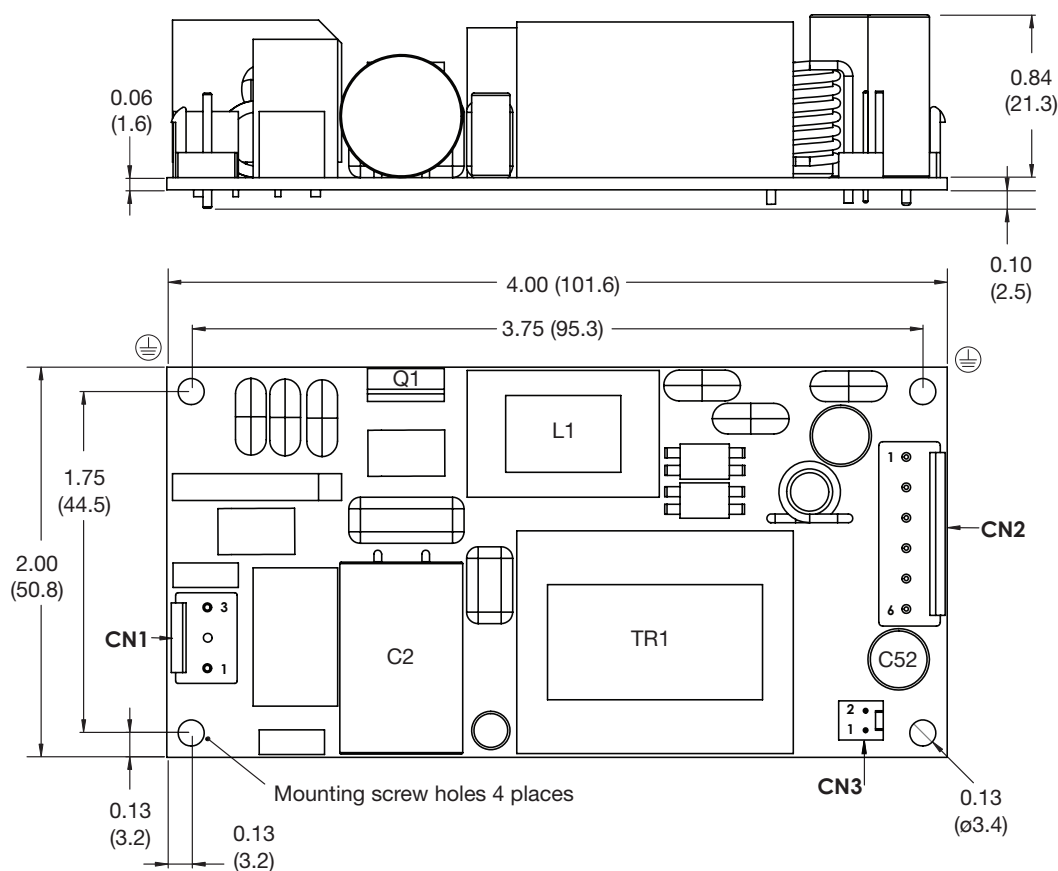
Safety Agency	Safety Standard	Category
CB Report	IEC60950-1:2005 + A1:2009	Information Technology
UL	UL60950-1 (2011), CSA 22.2 No.60950-1-11 Ed 2	Information Technology
TUV	EN60950-1:2006 + A11:2009 + A1:2010 + A12:2012	Information Technology
CE	LVD	

Safety Agency	Safety Standard	Category
CB Report	IEC60601-1 Ed 3 Including Risk Management	Medical
UL	ANSI/AAMI ES60601-1:2005 & CSA C22.2, No.60601-1:08	Medical
TUV	EN60601-1:2006	Medical

Means of Protection		Category
Primary to Secondary	2 x MOPP (Means of Patient Protection)	IEC60601-1 Ed3
Primary to Earth	1 x MOPP (Means of Patient Protection)	
Secondary to Earth	1 x MOPP (Means of Patient Protection)	

## Mechanical Details

Figure 10



Mounting holes marked with  $\oplus$  must be connected to safety earth for class I applications and connected together for class II applications for optimum EMC performance

CN2 - Output Connector	
Pin 1	+Vout
Pin 2	+Vout
Pin 3	+Vout
Pin 4	-Vout
Pin 5	-Vout
Pin 6	-Vout

Mates with JST housing  
 VHR-6N and JST Series  
 SVH-21T-P1.1 crimp terminals

CN1 - Input Connector	
Pin 1	Line
Pin 2	Not Fitted
Pin 3	Neutral

Mates with JST housing  
 VHR-3N and JST Series  
 SVH-21T-P1.1 crimp terminals

CN3 - Fan Connector	
Pin 1	Fan -
Pin 2	Fan +

Mates with Molex housing  
 22-01-1022 and 2759 crimp terminals

## Notes

1. All dimensions shown in inches (mm).  
 Tolerance:  $\pm 0.02$  (0.5)

2. Weight: 0.51 lbs (230 g) approx.



## Thermal Considerations

In order to ensure safe operation of the PSU in the end-use equipment, the temperature of the components listed in the table below must not be exceeded. Temperature should be monitored using K type thermocouples placed on the hottest part of the component (out of direct air flow). See Mechanical Details for component locations.

Temperature Measurements (At Maximum Ambient)	
Component	Max Temperature °C
TR1 Coil	110°C
L1 Coil	120°C
Q1 Body	120°C
C2	105°C
C52	105°C

## Service Life

The estimated service life of the ECP180 is determined by the cooling arrangements and load conditions experienced in the end application. Due to the uncertain nature of the end application this estimated service life is based on the actual measured temperature of a key capacitor with in the product when installed by the end application,

The graph below expresses the estimated lifetime of a given component temperature and assumes continuous operation at this temperature.

## Estimated Service Life vs Component Temperature

Figure 11

